Recommended Guidance for Apartments or Residential Communities with Shared Spaces

BACKGROUND

SARS-CoV-2 is a novel coronavirus that has emerged and caused coronavirus disease (abbreviated as COVID-19). Public health experts continue to learn about SARS-CoV-2, but based on current data and similar coronaviruses, spread from person-to-person happens most frequently among close contacts (those within about six feet) via respiratory droplets. Transmission of SARS-CoV-2 to persons from surfaces contaminated with the virus has not been documented yet, but current evidence suggests that SARS-CoV-2 may remain viable for hours to days on surfaces made from a variety of materials.

PURPOSE

The following guidance was created to help owners, administrators, or operators of shared residential facilities – working together with residents, staff, and public health officials – prevent the spread of COVID-19.

For this guidance, shared facilities include apartments, condominiums, and residences with shared spaces, such as laundry, mail, and community rooms, fire pits, play areas, basketball and tennis courts, and pools. Special considerations exist for the prevention of COVID-19 in shared residential spaces, and some of the following guidance might not apply to your specific shared housing situation.

People living and working in this type of housing may have challenges with social distancing to prevent the spread of COVID-19. Shared housing residents often gather together closely for social, leisure, and recreational activities, and/or use of shared equipment, such as kitchen appliances, laundry facilities, stairwells, and elevators.

Be sure to consider the unique needs of your residents, such as people with disabilities, cognitive decline, or no access to technology. This guidance does not address infection prevention and control in healthcare settings, homeless shelters, jails/prisons, communal living like dorms, and other facilities with specialized needs.

DEFINITIONS

COVID-19 is caused by a new virus. There is much to learn about the transmissibility, severity, and other features of the disease. Everyone can do their part to help plan, prepare, and respond to this emerging public health threat.
RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

To maintain safe operations:

- Review the CDC [guidance for businesses and employers](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/business-guidance.html) to identify strategies to maintain operations and a healthy working and living environment.

- Develop flexible sick leave policies. Require staff to stay home when sick, even without documentation from doctors.
  - Use flexibility, when possible, to allow staff to stay home to care for sick family or household members or to care for children in the event of school or childcare dismissals.
  - Make sure that employees are aware of and understand these policies.

- Create plans to protect the staff and residents from spread of COVID-19 and help them put in place personal preventive measures.

- Clean and disinfect shared areas (such as exercise room, laundry facilities, stairwells and railings, and elevators) and frequently touched surfaces following CDC guidelines using EPA-registered disinfectants more than once a day.

- Identify services and activities (such as community events, religious services, and exercise rooms and programs) that might need to be limited or temporarily discontinued.
  - Consider alternative solutions (e.g., virtual services) that will help programs continue while being safe for residents.

- Identify a list of healthcare facilities and alternative care sites where residents with COVID-19 can receive appropriate care, if needed.

Encourage staff and residents to prepare and take action to protect themselves and others:

- Encourage social distancing by asking staff and residents to stay at least 6 feet (2 meters) apart from others and wear cloth face coverings in any shared spaces, including spaces restricted to staff only.
  - This includes but is not limited to stairwells, laundry facilities, garages and mail rooms.

- Consider any special needs or accommodations for those who need to take extra precautions, such as older adults, people with disabilities, and people of any age who have serious underlying medical conditions.

- Limit staff entering residents’ living quarters unless it is necessary. Use virtual communications and check ins (phone or video chat), as appropriate.

- Limit the presence of non-essential workers and visitors in shared areas, when possible.

- Use physical barriers, such as sneeze guards, or extra tables or chairs, to protect office staff who will have interactions with residents, visitors, and the public.
• Provide COVID-19 prevention supplies for staff and residents in common areas at your facility, such as soap, alcohol-based hand sanitizers that contain at least 60% alcohol, tissues, trash baskets, and, if possible, cloth face coverings that are washed or discarded after each use.

• Consider any special communications and assistance needs of your staff and residents, including persons with disabilities.

• Make sure that residents are aware of serious symptoms of their underlying conditions and of COVID-19 symptoms that require emergency care, and that they know who to ask for help and call 911.

• Encourage residents who live alone to seek out a “buddy” in the area who will check on and help care for them and safely make sure they are getting basic necessities, including food and household essentials.

Note: Surgical masks and N-95 respirators are critical supplies that must continue to be reserved for healthcare workers and other medical first responders, as recommended by current CDC guidance. All staff and residents should wear a cloth face covering when in shared areas of the facility and maintain social distancing to slow the spread of the virus.

Communicate to staff and residents:

Identify platforms such as email, websites, hotlines, automated text messaging, newsletters, and flyers to help communicate information on:

• Guidance and directives from state and local officials, including health departments

• How your facility is helping to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

• How additional information will be shared, and where to direct questions.

• How to stay healthy, including videos, fact sheets, and posters with information on COVID-19 symptoms and how to stop the spread of germs, how to wash your hands, and what to do if you are sick.

• How staff and residents can cope and manage stress and protect others from stigma and discrimination.

• Identify and address potential language, cultural, and disability barriers associated with communicating COVID-19 information. Communications may need to be framed or adapted so they are culturally appropriate for your audience and easy to understand. For example, there are resources on the CDC website that are in many languages.
CONSIDERATIONS FOR COMMON SPACES IN YOUR FACILITY, TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF COVID-19:

- Consider how you can use multiple strategies to maintain social (physical) distance between everyone in common spaces of the facility.
- Consider cancelling all public or non-essential group activities and events.
- Offer alternative methods for activities and social interaction such as participation by phone, online, or through recorded sessions.
- If applicable, arrange seating of chairs and tables to be least 6 feet (2 meters) apart during shared meals or other events. (Note: This may not apply to your facility. Group events are not encouraged at this time.)
- Minimize traffic in enclosed spaces, such as elevators and stairwells. Consider limiting the number of individuals in an elevator at one time and designating one directional stairwells, if possible.
- Ensure that social distancing can be maintained in shared rooms, such as television, game, or exercise rooms. (Note: This may not apply to your facility. Group events are not encouraged at this time.)
- Make sure that shared rooms in the facility have good air flow from an air conditioner or an opened window.
- Consider working with building maintenance staff to determine if the building ventilation system can be modified to increase ventilation rates or the percentage of outdoor air that circulates into the system.
- Clean and disinfect shared areas and frequently touched surfaces following CDC guidance using EPA-registered disinfectants more than once a day if possible.

CONSIDERATIONS FOR SPECIFIC COMMUNAL ROOMS IN YOUR FACILITY:

*Note:* One or more of the guidances for shared spaces may not apply to your facility. Group events are not encouraged at this time.

**Laundry rooms**

- Maintain access and adequate supplies to laundry facilities to help prevent spread of COVID-19.
- Restrict the number of people allowed in laundry rooms at one time to ensure everyone can stay at least 6 feet (2 meters) apart.
- Provide disposable gloves, soap for washing hands, and household cleaners and EPA-registered disinfectants for residents and staff to clean and disinfect buttons, knobs, and handles of laundry machines, laundry baskets, and shared laundry items.
- Post guidelines for doing laundry such as washing instructions and handling of dirty laundry.
Recreational areas such as activity rooms and exercise rooms

- Consider closing activity rooms or restricting the number of people allowed in at one time to ensure everyone can stay at least 6 feet (2 meters) apart.
- Consider closing exercise rooms.
- Activities and sports (e.g., ping pong, basketball, chess) that require close contact are not recommended.

Pools and hot tubs

- Consider closing pools and hot tubs or limiting access to pools for essential activities only, such as water therapy.
  - While proper operation, maintenance, and disinfection (with chlorine or bromine) should kill COVID-19 in pools and hot tubs, they may become crowded and could easily exceed recommended guidance for gatherings. It can also be challenging to keep surfaces clean and disinfected.
  - Considerations for shared spaces (maintaining physical distance and cleaning and disinfecting surfaces) should be addressed for the pool and hot tub area and in locker rooms if they remain open.

IF A RESIDENT IN YOUR FACILITY HAS COVID-19 (SUSPECTED OR CONFIRMED):

- Have the resident seek advice by telephone from a healthcare provider to determine whether medical evaluation is needed.
- Residents are not required to notify administrators if they think they may or have a confirmed case of COVID-19. If you do receive information that someone in your facility has COVID-19, you should work with the local health department to notify anyone in the building who may have been exposed (had close contact with the sick person) while maintaining the confidentiality of the sick person as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).
- Encourage residents with COVID-19 symptoms and their roommates and close contacts to self-isolate – limit their use of shared spaces as much as possible.
  - Follow guidance on when to stop isolation.
Additional CDC resources to help prevent spread of COVID-19 in shared or congregate housing settings:

More detailed guidance is available for specific types of facilities. Some of the information in these guidance documents is applicable to that specific type of facility only, and some of the information would be applicable to other congregate housing facilities.

- Assisted living facilities
- Retirement communities and independent living
- Homeless shelters
- Community- and faith-based organizations
- Colleges and universities
- Households with suspected or confirmed COVID

Resources

- CDH Coronavirus Monitoring
- IDHW Resources for the Novel Coronavirus
- Environmental Cleaning & Disinfection Recommendations
- How & When to Wash Your Hands
- Higher Risk Populations
- Printable Resources
- CDH Call Center (208-321-2222 M-F 8:30-4:30)

Sources: